Content:

Part. I. Formation of Contract

Chapter II - The Promise

6. The Offer must be one which in its natural meaning may be taken to contemplate, and which is capable of creating, legal relations

[...]

An offer, again, must be capable of creating legal relations. It is for the parties to see to it that the offer is such that, when it is accepted, a contract is formed; the Courts, as we have seen, will not construct a contract for them out of terms which are indefinite or illusory. A bought a horse from X and promised that 'if the horse was lucky to him he would give £5 more or the buying of another horse': it was held that such a promise was too loose and vague to be considered in a court of law.

Referring Principles:

IV.2.1 - Contractual consent